BLOOD.

ALBANY COUNTY SPLIT IN HALF.

TWO CONVENTIONS, ONE FOR ARTHUR AND ONE FOR BLAINE-SHARP PRACTICE AND BAD

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] ALBANY, April 9 .- Potter's Hotel, a small country inn at Slingerlands, this courty, was used as a convention hall by the delegates to the Republican Congressional Convention to-day. Singerlands itself is a small place, and was chosen because it was feared that if the convention were held in Albany there might be a riot. The caucuses at which the delegates were elected had been so fiercely contested that bitter personal enmities had been formed. Preparations were made, therefore, at slingerlands to prevent the breaking up of the convention by violent The adherents of the President, who control the regular Republican organization in the county, last night took possession of the hotel, and put guards about all the doors and windows of the hall. To-day the railway trains from Albany to Slingerlands were filled with delegates and their friends. Several hundred Republican politicians congregated about the hotel, until it looked as though it were besieged. No one was admitted to the hall unless he exhibited a ticket signed by the managers of the Arthur organization. Naturally a majority of the persons in the hall

in the end were members of this organization. This precaution was taken because it was known that a

majority of the delegates elected to the convention

favored the sending of delegates who should favor

the nomination of James G. Blame for President.

A SCHEME TO OBTAIN CONTROL. But the Arthur managers concluded that, by excluding some of the Blaine delegates on the ground that there was some informality in their election, they could secure an apparent majority in the convention. It had been decided by them to object to the reception of the certificates of election of the six delegates from the SixteenthWard of Albany, all Blaine men. The plot was obvious. The other Blaine men determined that they would not permit it to be carried out. When the convention hour drew near there was intense excitement at the hotel and in the village. There were present directing the operations of the 1970 forces ex-Mayor Judson, Andrew S. Draper, ex-Sheriff Houck, John F. Smyth, William H. Haskell, Collector Luby, Postmaster Craig and every other practical Republican politician in Albany County. Andrew S. Draper, the State Committee-man, and Collector Luby led the Arthur delegates, and ex-Mayor Judson and W. H. Haskell the Blaine delegates. Mr. Smyth gave energetic aid to the Blaine delegates.

BLAINE MEN EXCLUDED. The convention was called to order by Alderman Mead, of this city, one of the Arthur managers. The calling of the roll of the convention at once precipitated a conflict. All went well until the XVIth Ward was reached. Then Mr. Mead refused to accept the certificates of election held by the delegates, on the ground that they were signed by only one of the two inspectors of election. Cas well, another Arthur man, one of the inspectors, refused to sign the certificate, on the singular ground that blaine men made too many challenges. A suit was brought against him to compel him to sign the certificate, and he acknowledged that the Blaine men had 180 votes and the Arthur men only 120 at the XVIth Ward primary. Yet he had determined not to sign the certificates. On this plea Mr. Mead refused to receive the certificates of election, although one of the inspectors certified that they were correct. His decision left the vote of the two factions almost precisely even. The majority of either was

TWO CONVENTIONS AND FIGHTING. When a vote came to be taken for chairman, Mr. Mead declared that George H. Fitts, the Arthur candidate, had received 74 votes and William H. Haskell, the Blaine candidate, only 73. It will b perceived that if the six excluded Blaine votes had been counted. Mr. Haskell would have been elected. The Blaine men also declare that they had a majority of one, even without the six excluded men, and that a miscount was intentionally made. As the "result" was announced, the convention divided into two conventions. There was a scene of great violence and blows were exchanged between the delegates. At last two separate conventions were in progress in the hall. Each convention increased its numbers by declaring that certain delegations were contested and that other representatives of the districts should be admitted. Thus in a short time each convention had ninety delegates. The Blaine men elected ex-Sheriff James A. Houck, of Albany, and James Lamb, of Cohoes, as delegates to the National Convention. Mr. Houck recently said that he favored the nomination of Mr. Blaine for President, and Mr. Lamb is understood to have expressed the same sentiments. The Arthur men elected ex-Assemblyman George Campbell, of Cohoes, and ex-Assemblyman Hiram Griggs, of Guilders and each elected to the National Convention. had been counted, Mr. Haskell would have pressed the same sentiments. The Arthur her elected ex-Assemblyman George Campbell, of Cohoes, and ex-Assemblyman Hiram Griggs, of Guilderland, as delegates to the National Convention, Mr. Campbell was one of the "Spartan Band" that yoted for Mr. Conkling for Senator constantly in 1881, and is a well-known advocate of the nomination of President Arthur, Mr. Griggs said this afternoon that in his opinion the real issue at Slingerlands was Blaine and anti-Blaine. He was opposed to the nomination of Mr. Blaine. It is well-known, however, that Mr. Griggs is a supporter of Arthur. porter of Arthur.

A CONTESTING DELEGATION THE RESULT. There will, therefore, be contesting delegations from the Aloany Congressional District at Chicago. It is thought here that the Blaine delegation wifl be put on the roll of the National Convention, masmuch as Mr. Smyth has favored it, and his influence with Thomas C. Platt, the representative of New-York in the National Committee, is great.

MONROE COUNTY ANTI-ARTHUR.

DELEGATES UNPLEDGED, BUT OPPOSED TO THE

PRESIDENT. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 9.—The Republican Convention for the XXXth Congressional District, held in Rochester to-day, resulted in the election of Leonard Burritt, of Ogden, and Halbart H. Warner, of Rochester, as delegates to the National Convention, with Dr. Jonas Jones and Dayton S. Morgan as alternates. Both are unpledged as to Presidential candidates, but it is under stood that Mr. Burritt's first choice is Edmunds and Mr. Warner's preference is for Blaine. Both are decidedly anti-Arthur. Although Mr. Burritt, from the necessities of the case, was supported by the Arthur men, who were about 60 strong in a convention of 175 delegates, the canvass at the end resolved itself into a contest between the city and the country. The original programme of the anti-Arthur men comprehended the sending of Mr. Warner and Alexander B. Lamberton to the National Convention, but much of the anti-Arthur strength voted for a resolution directing that one delegate should be taken from the country and one from the city, and that only one delegate should be voted for on a single call. This resolution prevailed, and Mr. Rorritt was then elected by a majority of about

Burritt was then elected by a majority of about 30 over Duyton S. Morgan. When the vote was taken for the delegate from the city, Mr. Lamberton having declined to be a candidate, Mr. Manner received 104 votes, Jonas Jones 6, and William F. Peck 4. The vote for Jones presents, as accurately as can be ascertained, the Arthur strength in the convention, although even Dr. Jones has not acclared his adherence to Arthur.

Upon the whole the result in Monroe County is a decided blow to the Administration, and neither of the delegates will vote for the sonination of the President. The Federal officers were compelled to submit to the candidacy of Mr. Burrit, who was a member of the Assembly in 1872, 73 and 74, and who in local divisions has always been regarded as an anti-Staiwart. He is the present chairman of the Republican County Committee. Mr. Warner is known throughout the Union in connection with the Warner Astronomical Observatory. Had a distinctly Arthur candidate been presented to the convention he would have been beaten by at least 40 majority. The Post, the mouth-plees of Postmaster Hunt, says editorially this afternoon: "The election of Messre, Burritt and Warner as delegates to the convention in Chicago is an act which coor fers honor alike upon the gentlemen samed, and the Republicans of this Congressional district.

as a consistent Republican, but as a successful, courageous business man, and his immense commercial interests will lead him to act wisely as the representative of the XXXth Congessional District at Cheago."

The P st-Express congratulates the convention upon the happy issue of its deliberations.

ARTHUR IN FAVOR AT BUFFALO.

HIS ADMINISTRATION APPROVED-ARTHUR MEN SENT TO CHICAGO.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. BUFFALO, April 9.—The XXXIId Congressional District Republican Convention to elect delegates to the Chicago Convention was held in this city this afternoon. The chairman and secretary were sworn in ac-cording to the new law. Henry Alteman, J.O. Meyer and Job King were appointed a committee on resolutions

They reported as follows:

They reported as follows:

Whereas, The President assumed his office at a time when the Nation was in deep concern over a great National calamity, and when the people expected even more than they would naturally have expected from one called to be their Chief Magistrate; and,

Whereas, The President has by a wise, prudent, safe and censervative policy maintained our National honor abroad and peace at home, and has advised Congress faltifully as to measures designed for the legitimate protection of American industries, for the practical and permanent reform of the public service, for the maintenance of a safe financial policy, for prevention of extravagant expenditures, and the general welfbre of the whole people.

of extravagant expenditures, and the general welfare of the whole people.

Resolved, That the Republicans of the XXXIId Congressional District warmly indorse the present Administration, and commend the President for a recognition from the people for his sterling honesty, strict fidelity and tried capability:

Resolved, That the Republicans of the XXXIId Congressional District, being in principle, as well as in name, Republicans, will support the candidate presented by the party's National Convention, having full confidence that the party's accredited representatives select none but a worthy leader for this most important national campaign.

A ballot was taken for delegates and alternates and resulted in the election of James D. Warren. chairman of the Republican State Committee, and Josiah Jewett delegates, and J. O. Meyer and James C. Fullerton alternates.
Mr. Warren is known to be strongly in favor of Arthur,
and his associate will doubtless also cast his vote for the
present incumbent of the Executive Chair.

THE PRELIMINARY CONVENTIONS.

CORNELL DEFEATS GENERAL SHARPE.

NO BAD FEELING, BUT MEN OPPOSED TO ARTHUR HAVE THEIR WAY.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Kingston, N. Y., April 9 .- The Republican Assembly Convention for the 1st U.ster District was held here this afternoon and proved to be a harmonious gathering, except a slight local contest as to one delegate to the State Convention. Saugerties asked a represent-ative, and the request was finally granted, but the person named by the town delegation was not sent. The convention was in favor of sending Thomas Cornell to the Chicago Convention as opposed to General Sharpe, by a vote of fourteen to ten. Peter Cantire, of Sauger ties, Mayor Bray and Dr. Robert Loughran, of this city, were chosen as delegates to the District Convention, which meets here next Wednesday. General Sharpe was a member of the convention as a substitute from Saugerties. When the names of the delegates were presented by the majority, he rose to "say a few words by way of explanation to his friends," as he said, which finally resulted in a long speech. He had expected to se resided in a long speech. He had expected to see a larger number of this friends there, but was disappointed. He had been classed as favoring the nomination of Arthur, but although a strong personal friend of the President's, if the people should see if to send him to Chicago, he would go uncommitted and unpledized. A contest had been alleged here. If there was a contest, he desired to deny that it had grown out of any factional party differences. He had seen little of any contest himself. All that was now past and he felt the responsibility of electing the ticket that should be named by the purty. If Mr. Cornell should be named as delegate to Chicago, he would try and show that any effort that he made did not exceed his own for the success of the ticket there nominated. He felt that it was important that when the National Convention was over General Arthur and his friends should feel that his upright administration had received honorable recognition. The General said that no formal opposition to the delegation proposed would be made.

In behalf of Mr. Cornell, it was said by his friends that though he has been reported for Blaine, he was really unpledged, but was opposed to Arthur. The State delegates are W. W. Ten Broeck, L. E. Smith _and B. M. Coon. Both delegations are anti-Arthur. a larger number of his friends there, but was disappoint

BLAINE DELEGATES FROM JEFFERSON.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] WATERTOWN, N. Y., April 9 .- At the Jefferson County Ist Assembly District Republican Convention the Congressional Convention at Gonverneur, on April 15: N. M. Wardwell, C. M. Clark, I. P. Wedell, J. L. Hotehkin. They were instructed to favor George A. Bagley, of this city, as delegate to Chicago. Bagley is a strong Blaine man. Delegates were sent to the State Convention as follows: Morgan Bryan, A. M. Wardwell, C. J. Clark, D. W. Baldwin. They were instructed for Blaine. A ballot on Presidential preferences showed Blaine, 37, Edmunds, 5, Sheridan, Lincoln and Arthur 1 each. For Vice-President the vote was Lincoln, 37, Lo gan, 4, Arthur 2 and Grant 1. The Hd Assembly District gan, 4, Artinia Band Comorrow. Blaine and anti-Blaine claim it end a lively time is expected. One town sends contesting delegations, but the Blaine men claim a majority without it. The Cape Vincent Custom House is in the Hd District, and in former years its officers have run its politics. It looks doubtful this year,

BLAINE DELEGATES CHOSEN AT CORNING. (BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.)

Corning, N. Y., April 9,-The Republicans held three conventions here to-day. The delegates to Utica, from the Ist Assembly District, are L. D. Hodge man, Adsit Bailey, L. H. Barnum, and H. D. Landers They are for Blaine and say that the sentiment of their district is against Arthur. Delegates from the Hd District are Captain of the Port, Cole, F. P. Robinson, Charles D. Baker and John Toles. All are for Blaine though two would prefer Edmunds. One likes Arthur, but thinks he is not available. The convention selected sixteen delegates to the XXIXtn Congressional Convention to be held at Penn Yan to-morrow. Instructions were given to pre-sent the name of ex-state Senator Stephen I. Hoyt as one of the delegates to Chicago. He is for Blaine. There is only a little open support in this region for Arthur. The three conventions were practically unanimous.

WANTING DAVID A. WELLS AS A DELEGATE. IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., April 9.-The Fulton and Hamilton Assembly District Convention, at Gloversville this afternoon elected the following delegates to the Con gressional District Convention: Montimer Wade, Andrev Nellis, F. M. Young, H. C. Day, W. S. Tooker, Robert Humphrey, Benjamin Lyman, H. Everett and Charles W. Smith. To the State Convention: L. L. Boyce, A. F. Bleecker, David Getman, Jr., and D. A. Decke were Sent. The District delegates were instructed to use all honorable means to secure the election of David A. Wells as delegate to the National Convention. A resolution was adopted giving expression to the sentiment that a stronger nomination than that of President Arthur should be made.

SULLIVAN COUNTY AGAINST ARTHUR. PORT JERVIS, N. Y., April 9 .- At the Repubcan County Convention of Sullivan County, held at Monticello yesterday, George H. Carpenter, Daniel W. Bogart Convention at Utica. The following were elected delegates-at-large to the Congressional Convention to be held at Middletown, April 15: W. C. Cogswell, R. R. Jeiff, C. J. Murray, Henry Kreurich, C. A. Newman and John Waller. The delegates were uninstructed, but are strongly against Arthur.

QUIET CONVENTION AT PALMYRA.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Lyons, N. Y., April 9.-The Republican Convention in the Hd Assembly District of Wayne County was held at Palmyra to-day. It was entirely harmonious There was no speech making, and the delegates pro seeded at once to balloting for delegates to the State Convention and the Congressional District Convention at Oswego on April 18. To the former, Pliny T. Sexton, Oswego on April 15.

William Krutzer, Jefferson Sherman and Percy Green were chosen, and to the latter John McGonigal, Byron Thomas, Charles H. Chapman, H. Callen, J. C. Howk, B. H. Davis and Albert Yeomans were sent. The general feeling of the convention was decidedly anti-Arthur. Blaine and Edmunds have many followers in the district.

RESOLUTIONS BY YOUNG REPUBLICANS. The Young Men's Republican Club met at No. 21 West Twenty-seventh-st. last evening, James W. Hawes presiding. Resolutions were adopted indersing the course of Theodore Roosevelt and Frederick i Gibbs, requesting the Citizens' Committee of Fifty-three to propose a plan by which a citizens' organization may be formed to put proper candidates in nomination for municipal offices for the next general election, and to appoint a committee of five to urge in the Republican State Cun-

AT THE PRIMARIES.

BROOKLYN EVENLY DIVIDED.

INDICATIONS THAT FOUR ARTHUR AND FOUR ANTI-ARTHUR DELEGATES WILL BE CHOSEN.

There was much interest yesterday in Brooklyn in the Republican primaries held in all the wards to elect delegates to the Congres-sional Convention, which will select the eight delegates from Kings County to the Chicago Convention. The struggle between the Administration and the anti-Administration forces was a determined one, and the contest was further complicated by the rivalry of ward eaders over personal matters. The Administration forces were marshalled by State Senator Daggett and Michael J. Dady, Superintendent of Federal Buildings, who contend first, last and all the time for the nomination of President Arthur, and who promise to hand over to his support at Chicago the eight votes of Kings County. Well-informed but less partisan politicians dis-count their statements one-half, and allow to the President only four votes from Brooklyn, on a liberal stimate. The Administration opponents are variously livided between supporters of Edmunds, Blaine, Sher man, Logan and "anybody to beat Arthur."

Some of the primaries began as carly as 3:30 m. and lasted until 10:30. An unusually large vote was polled and the counting was not all completed until midnight. The general result showed, as nearly as could be ascertained at that hour, that the Administration forces had auffered defeat in two at least of the four Congressional Districts. In the HIId District, which Senator Daggett hoped to control, he was defeated in his own ward sthe Nineteenth), which elected delegates favorable to the choice of Andrew D. Baird as a National Convention delegate. Mr. Baird is unpledged, but will favor the nomination of Biaine or Edmunds. The two other most important wards in this district are the eventh and Twentieth, and in both the administration adherents were defeated. The other delegate from the district to Chicago is likely to be ex-Senator Schroeder, of the I wentieth Ward, or William Ray, of the Seventh Ward. ote was polled and the counting was not all comp

the district to Chicago is likely to be ex-Senator Schroeder, of the Iwentieth Ward, or William Ray, of the Seventh Ward.

In the Hd Congressional District, which includes the outlying wards and the adjoining county towns, the contest was left in a state of uncertainty last night by a lack of returns from the primaries in the towns. It was conceded that one of the representatives of the Iwenty-Second Ward, who is believed to be opposed to President Arthur, though the Administration men claim him. His associate will probably be E. H. Hobbs, who is a pronounced Edminds supporter. In the IVth Congressional District the Administration men were confident that they had carried the day and could send General B. F. Tracy and another delegate to support the President at Chicago. Who the second delegate will be is uncertain as there is a triangular contest for the position between W. H. Beurd, B. B. Hopkins and M. N. Day, each of whom is a strong supporter of Mr. Arthur. The probabilities are that Mr. Beecher will not be mentioned as a possible delegate in the Congressional Convention. Edwin Packard, at Edminds anherent, will be strongly supported by the First Ward, but cannot win. General Sherman. Senator Daggett, defeated in his own district, hopes to go to Chicago from the Vth Congressional District, and to have an associate in James L. Jensen to support President Arthur. The primarles indicated that they would be successful in this.

The general result indicates four anti-Arthur delegates, with a possibility that one of the latter will be lost, making it

who are unpledged, and four Arthur delegates, with a possibility that one of the latter will be lost, making it live to three.

The Congressional District Conventions will meet tomorrow evening. To-night Assembly District Conventions will elect forty-seven delegates to the Utica Convention. The delegates to these conventions were also elected last width.

COLORED MEN RECOMMEND A DELEGATE.

Eighteen members of the Committee of Twenty-five of the Colored Republican Club met last evening at No. 156 Sixth-ave. William Freeman, pre evening at No. 150 Sixth-ave, which i retenal, pre-sented the report of the County Committee, which claimed 2,000 votes in support of the Colored Republican (lub., It was then moved that John J. Freeman, of the XIth As-sembly District, be recommended as delegate to the State Convention. This was manimously adopted.

IN OTHER STATES.

NO FAVORITE IN MISSISSIPPI.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 9 .- A dispatch from Aberdeen, Miss., to The Acalanche says: "The Republi-cans of the lat Congressional District of Mississippi met to-day and nominated G.C. Chandler, of Corinth, for Congress, and Dr. J. M. Bynnun, of Rienzl, for Elector. H. C. Powers and W. H. Bennon were elected delegates to the Chicago Convention. A resolution was adopted ap-proving President Arthur's administration. The dele-gates were not instructed, but it is understood that one is for Blaine and the other for Action.

DELEGATES FROM VARIOUS FOINTS. Selma, Ala, April 9.—The IVth District Repub ican Convention yesterday elected W. J. Stephens, of Dullas County, and H. A. Casou, of Lounds County, both colored, delectates, to the Chicago National Convention.

Washington, April 9.—The Republican District Convention for the nomination of delegates to Chicago adourned at 3 o'clock this morning after selecting Frank Conger, postmaster of this city, and Perry Carson, delegates and Andy Gleason and A St. Anniterrates. A resolution instructing the delegates

LITTLE BOCK, Ark., April 9.—This morning the following delegates to the Republican National Convention were selected: Ist District, Jacob Trieber and S. H. Holland; Hd. John J. Johnson and F. Harris; Hld. A. A. Tutts and G. H. Thompson; tVth, M. W. Benjamin and Jacob Foss; Vth, Lafayette Gregz and Kidder Kidd.

SEDALIA, Mo., April 9.—The Vith District Republican

Convention chose General O. Gintar and W. S. Shirk delegates to the Chicago Convention. SEDALIA, Mo., April 9.—The HIId District Republican Convention this afternoon elected J. H. Thomas and Ira B. Hyde delegates to the Chicago Convention. No in-structions were given, and the personal preferences of the delegates are not known.

DELEGATES CHOSEN IN NEWARK.

The Republican District Convention of Essex County, N. J., met at Newark yesterday for the purpose of lectingtwo delegates to the Republican National Convenelecting two delegates to the Ropanican National Contons tion at Chicago, one delegate to come from Newark and the other from the townships. William Riker, of Clinton Township, was elected as the township delegate, and Hermann Leibbach as the Newark delegate. The dele-gates will go unpiedized, but it is understood that their individual preference is for Edmunds and Lincoln. Reso-lutions were adopted indorsing the home and foreign policy of the Administration, and advocating the con-

DELEGATES UNPLEDGED IN ELIZABETH.

The Elizabeth (N. J.) Republican primaries on Tuesday night elected delegates to the District Convention. None are pledged and in some wards the delegates were instructed to remain unpledged. Of those named as possible delegates to the State Convention one is a pronounced Blaine man. The others favor no par-

NO MONUMENT FOR ALEXANDER STEPHENS

ATLANTA, Ga., April 9 .- When the late Governor Stephens died a movement was put on foot to pur-chase Liberty Hall, in which the dead statesman had spent his life, and to creet upon the ground a monument to his memory. After most strenuous efforts the amount collected thus far is only \$371 95. It is likely that the project will have to be abandoned. What makes this apathy toward the collection of money for such a movement more remarkable is the fact that hundreds of young men in Georgia owe all they have to the late Governor's phens never had less than ten beneficiaries receiving edueation for which he furnished all the means. These mea have gone out into the world, have entered trade and the have gone out into the world, have entered trace and the law. Many of them have amassed fortunes, while all of them are well to do. Notwithstanding all this, when a modest sum is asked for to commemorate the name of their benefactor, most niggardly replies are received. The body of the late Governor, which yet reposes in Atlanta, will be removed to Crawfordswille in a few weeks, where it will be placed beside that of his mother, whom he never saw.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

SEEKING DAMAGES FOR DETENTION. SEEKING DAMAGES FOR DETENTION.

BOSTON, April 9.—theorgic Knight Miller has brought suit against the Beston Loan Company for \$2,000 damages. It was alleged that she tried to secure a loan on some AII—an "straw diamends," and was detained in a back room in the office of the company by the treasurer. She seeks damages for detention.

THE SCHOONER WAVE CREST IN DISTRESS. THE SCHOONER WAVE CREST IN DISTRESS.
PROVINCETOWS, Mass., April 9.—The schooner Wave
Crest, of New-York, Captain Hewitt, Ponce, P. R., with
moisses, arrived here to-day in distress. The vessel is
leaking from 1,000 to 1,500 strokes per hour. She had
her hull badly strained: rudder post stove and tiller
broken; had decks swept; was compelled to cut into
cargo of molasses and pump some of it overboard.

A MILL SOLD AT AUCTION.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 9.—The Providence Steam Mill was sold at auction by the assignees to-day and bid in by Edward P. Taft for \$88,000. THE PENNSYLVANIA CANAL OPEN. THE PENNSYLVANIA CANAL OPEN.
WHEREBREER, Penn., April 9.—The Pennsylvania
Canal from Nanticoke southward is now open to navigation. The Susquehanna Coal Company has been making a
heavy suppment of coal by boats tais week from Nanticoke to Havre de Grace.

NO ARRANGEMENTS TO SUSPEND MINING.
PHILADELPHIA, April 9.—Officers of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company say that no arrangement has been made for a suspension of mining this month.

vention such measures as would enlarge the membership THE BRITISH IN THE SOUDAN. of the State conventions.

MR. LLOYD AND NUBAR STILL AT ODDS. NEWS FROM GENERAL GORDON-ACTION OF THE

REBELS NEAR EHARTOUM. CAIRO, April 9 .- Clifford Lloyd has offered to resign, but Sir Evelyn Baring has refused to permit him to do so. The Khedive and Sir Evelyn Baring are trying to form a Ministry by combining representatives of the Cherif and Nubar Ministries. Nubar Pacha continues his private intrigue to maintain his place, while openly asserting his de-

cision to retire. The British Government has sent positive orders to General Gordon to withdraw from Kharteum

with the garrison as soon as possible. The latest advices received from General Gordon are dated April 1. He reports that in the engagement on March 30 the rebels lost forty men killed and eight wounded, together with sixteen horses. During the night of April 1 the rebels kept up desultory firing at the palace.

Sir Evelyn Baring has received a dispatch from General Gordon, dated March 30, which gives the following information: On March 25, he disarmed 250 Bashi Bazouks, who had mutivied. The following day he shelled the rebel camp on the Bine Nile, killing forty of the enemy. March 27, the rebels fired upon Khartoum from the village opposite. But this they were soon forced to evacuate, losing fifty-nine men in the engagement, and the Bashi Bazouke occupied the village and held it unti: March 39. On that day the rebels returned in force and drove them out, but then retired themselves The White Nile district is quiet. The Khartoum market is well suppied, The Mahdi has sent the rebels are guns. General Gordon estimates that the rebels about Khartoum number fully 2,000.

2,000.

A messenger who left Khartoum on March 27 has arrived at Berber. He reports that the condition of affairs at Khartoum is extremely critical. The irregular troops in General Gordon's command are in

AGUERO'S EXPEDITION TO CUBA.

FOUR PLANTATIONS RUINED-SPAIN AND THE UNITED STATES.

MADRID, April 9.-The news has been received here from Cuba that Aguero's force now num-bers 225 men. Of these, forty-three are either ex-chlefs of late insurrections in Cub a or have been otherwise iden late insurrections in Cub. or have been otherwise locatified with those movements, and the balance are escaped slaves. Four plantations in Cuba have been destroyed by Aguero. It is feated that another fillbustering expedition is now fitting out at Turks (slands for Cuba. These islands are under British dominion.

LONDON, April 9.—Information has been received here

that in official circles at Madrid no confidence is placed in the story that Mr. Foster, the United States Minister, has started to Washington for the purpose of urging a commercial treaty between Spain and the United States. The belief in the steadfascness of America's Iriendship is so strong that there are no fears in official circles of any movement on the part of the United States or its diplomats to complicate matters by even suggesting the purchase of Cuba.

NEWS NOTES FROM LONDON.

LONDON, April 9, 1884. BURMAH .- A vices from the far east state that one half of Mandalay, the capital of Burmah, a city of 90,000 people, has been destroyed by fire.

BUSINESS FAILURE.—A. M. Gillespie & Co., merchants engaged in the West India trade, have falled.

LABOR TROUBLES.—A detachment of cavalry has arrived at Khiderminster owing to the riot of the artisans. The strike is expected to spread elsewhere. An attempt has been made at the ricen to destroy the machinery in

has been made at the desired to destroy the machinery in the Stourport earpet works.

The Parnell Parry.—Mr. Parnell will deliver no publie speeches during the Easter recess. The Irish Times, of Dublin, says that the Parnell party will become an or-ganized section of the Liberal party.

Mone DYNAMITE.—It is reported that an attempt was

nade last night to destroy with dynamite the magazine of Fort George, a few miles from Inverness.

HARRETT ON IRVING.—Lawrence Barrett said this morning that since Garrick's time no one had exercised so pow erful an influence upon the English-speazing stage as Henry Irving. His manner of producing plays, he said, will be cert in to bear fruit in America. Mr. Barrett spoke further in high terms of the kindness shown him by English actors since his arrival.

PRINCE LEOPOLD'S WIDOW,-Princess Helen of Waldeck-Pyrnoni, mother of the Duchess of Albany, will remain with ber daughter at Claremont House un-til the acconehement of the Duchess, which it is expect-ed will take place in about five weeks.

SERKING AN APPOINTMENT.—The Queen and the Duke of Cambridge desire to give Prince Edward, of Saxe-Weimar, command of the troops in Ireland, but the consent of the Government is doubtful.

ITALY AND THE VATICAN.

ROME, April 9.-The statement of Signor Mancini that the Government had no intention of modifying the decision of the Court of Cassation requiring the conversion of the real property of the Propaganda Fide Cardinal Jacobiai, Papal Secretary of State, has ordered the different nuncios to point out to the courts to which they are accredited the designs of the Italian Govern-ment. into Italian rentes, causes solicitude at the Vatican.

THE ERENCH IN MADAGASCAR. Paris, April 9 .- Prime Minister Ferry to-day nformed the committee of the Chamber of Deputies, to which the question of the Madagascar credits was referred, that the negotiations with the Hovas had again been broken off, owing to the ill-will of the Malagussies General Miot, who starts for Madagascar to-day, goes under orders to occupy several more points on the north-west coast, the object being to affirm the treaty rights of

CHILI AND BOLIVIA AT PEACE. PARIS. April 9.-The Chilian Minister to France announces that a truce between Chili and Bolivia has been proclaimed. By the terms of this it is provided that the Bolivian territory occupied by Chilians shall remain under Chilian law, and that trade between Chilian Bolivia shall be free.

CONTRACTORS LIBERAL WITH THEIR MONEY.

A TESTIMONIAL RAISED BY THEM FOR THE MINIS-

TER OF PUBLIC WORKS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] OTTAWA, April 9.-There is considerable ex-

eitement in political circles over the annuthat Sir Hector Largevin, Minister of Public Works, has received \$17,000 in the form of a testimonial su by contractors having business with his department. The total subscriptions amounted to \$30,000, while cash netually paid amounted to \$17,000. It is said that all this money came from contractors who had claims on which Sir Hector had to adjudicate, or who sought to obtain contracts which he must award. It is stated that one Goodwin had a claim of \$10,000, which for years the Government refused to recognize. He subscribed \$1,000, it is stated, and over \$5,000 was afterward \$1,000, it is stated, and over \$5,000 was afterward awarded him. H. J. Beemer had a claim for \$16,000 for extra work. He subscribed \$1,000 and was afterwards awarded \$5,000. Charlebos, who was denounced in the House of Commons by Sir John A. Macdonald and Sir Charles Tupper as unworthy and unfit to receive any public contract, subs-ribed largely, and he received the contract for the new Departmental buildings. There are many similar cases in which as a rule sums ran higher. It is stated that the Fremier has remonstrated with Sir Hector and warned him that he would get into trouble if he accepted the money.

CHINESE ALLOWED TO LAND.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. OTTAWA, April 9.-The Dominion Govern ment has vetoed the bill recently passed by the British Columbia Legislature hibiting Chinese immigration. The Premier of the province, who is at present in Ottawa, has telegraphed to his provincial secretary to allow the 500 Chinese on their way to Victoria to land.

CAPTAIN SCHOONHOVEN'S STATEMENT. HALIFAX, April 9.-The inquiry into the loss of the Daniel Steinmann was resumed to-day by Captain Scott. Captain Schoonhoven appeared voluntarily with the Belgian consul, and made a sworn statement detailing the circumstances connected with the wreck, which was substantially the same as already published. He heard the fog whistie half a minue before the vessel struck, but it was then too late. He had overrun his disstruck, but it was then too late. He had overrun his distance, and perhaps there was some magnetic attraction to the compass which put him further south than he had thought himself to be. He had estimated that he was at least seven to tee miles astern of his real position, having calculated that he was twenty-five miles off at 6 p. m. Had a gun been fired from the island when the signal men first saw him, he would certainly have kept off and saved the ship. The gunners told him that they had no orders to fire except in answer to guns fired at sea.

Two bodies were brought to the surface to-day by divers. They are supposed to be Gabriel Bengyert, age forty-two, and Wilhelm Bengyert, age eleven. In the pocket of the

first man was a ticket from Basic to Columbus, Ohio, containing beside the names of Margreth, age forty-two; Margreth, age eighten; Gabriel, age nine; Maraneng, age nine; Frederick, ageeight; Alfred, age four; Susanna, age three; Carl, age two, and Velf, age nine months.

RANDALL IN FULL CONTROL

A HOPELESS DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

TWO YEARS IN PRISON WITHOUT TRIAL. OTTAWA, April 9 .- Stephen Dunn, a native of Armenia, N. Y., was arrested about two years and a half ago on a charge of having murdered Fletcher, an employe of Cole's Circus. From that time until sesterday he was held in prison without trial, notwithstanding the utmost endeavors of his friends and of prominent American citizens to obtain a hearing in open court. The case was brought up for trial yesterday. The evidence elicited in benalf of the prosecution proved so contradictory as to be entirely worthess, and the Crown abandoned the case. The court was thus forced to instruct the jury to return a verdict of not guilty.

FRAGMEN'S OF CABLE NEWS.

Dublin, April 9.- A railway collision occurred to-day at Black Rock between a locomotive and a passenger train. Thirty-five persons were injured. CON-TANTINOPLE, April 9.—General Wallace has re-

ceived a dispatch from Secretary Frelinghaysen assuring him that the Porte has not asked for his recall. LIVERPOOL, April 9.-The National Line steamship Egypt has just been furnished with new boffers and an engine of increased power, while the number of staterooms has been augmented. Yesterday she made a trial trip, running 17 miles an hour. She leaves Liverpool for New-York on April 16.

SIX NEGROES DROWNED.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. 1 VICKSBURG, Miss., April 9 .- An accident happened at 10 p. m. yesterday within three hundred feet of the wharf-boat by which six negroes lost their lives and five more narrowly escaped a terrible death. Eleven negroes, three of whom were mere boys, were on their way to this city from the McDowell plantation to ook after some stock. They walked part of the way, but at Duckport hired a skiff and started for this place. accident. The wind was blowing the lake surface into nuge waves, and when they arrived at a point on the lake between the willows and the wharf-boat, a large wave between the willows and the wharf-boat, a large wave dashed against the skiff and swamped it. In a moment all the men were flevindering in the water, trying to cling to each other. When they saw their danger they began to yell only for help, and kept it up until they were either drowned or rescued. Hearing their cries, Charles Brown and Henry Cavanaugh started for them in a skiff from the wharf-boat, and with the aid of another skiff succeeded in rescuing five men. Those who were drowned were Tobias Gaines, M. Readly, D. Kelly, M. Gibson, J. A. Montgomery, and Richard Dennis. Fibody of the last only was found. With one exception the drowned men all were married.

GLAD THAT THE BLAIR BILL PASSED.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. | Boston, April 9 .- At the meeting of the New-Hampshire Club in this city to-day, E. C. Carrigan, of the State Board of Education, spoke of his great satisfaction at the passage of the Blair Educational bill by the United States Senate, and at his suggestion the following telegram was sent to the New-Hampshire Senators at Washington: "We tender you our congratulations on the successful passage of the bill providing federal aid to education."

A FINANCIAL SETTLEMENT DECLINED.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Boston, April 9.-It is reported that the creditors of the firm of Wetherell Brothers, commission, dealers in steel at No. 31 Oliver-st., Eo tou, have declined a settlement on the basis of ten cents on the dollar, and that the concern will go into insolvency.

THE HARVARD UNIVERSITY CREW.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. Cambridge, Mass., April 9 .- Charles Curtis, of the Law School, who pulled stroke oar in the '81 and '82 crews, began to row with the University erew to-day. He will pull stroke for the crew in the Yate race, and Captain Perkins will resume his old

A SPECIAL GRAND JURY IN CINCINNATI. GENERAL DESIRE AMONG BUSINESS MEN TO SERVE

-MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED. CINCINNATI, April 9 .- A special grand jury was impanelled this morning with less trouble and in less time than is usually required. The list of names of the men summoned is composed entirely of leading business neu of this city. Nearly all responded and few asked to be excused. Three said they had military certificates in their pockets, which entitled them to exemption, but would not present them. The jury as made up contains would not present them. The jury as made up contains the names of C.W. West, George W. MacAlpin, Thomas G. Snith, Joseph Oates, Herman Geepper, A. S. Butterfield and other equally well-known budness men. Instructions will be given this jury next Monday. In the meantime the Judges are a consultation on the subject and it is understood that they will be charged with the important duty of investigating the acts concerning the riot and burning of the Court House, including the charge of bribery against the jury that convicted Berner.

THE CALUMET & HECLA COMPANY.

A REPORT THAT IT HAS PASSED ITS MAY DIVIDEND, Boston, April 9.-It is reported that the Calumet & Hecla, the largest copper mining company in the country, has passed its May dividend, owing to the roducts. It is said that the company has at its mines 2,000,000 pounds of copper, and being unable to dis-nose of this, its stock has declined from 2.33 to 2,20. This is the first time for many years, if at all, that the com-sany has been obliged to pass its dividend.

RUINS OF A GREAT IRON COMPANY.

PHILADELPHIA, April 9 .- The property of the Allentown Iron Company, formerly one of the most prosperous manufacturing institutions in the country, is acvertised to be disposed of at public sale on May 7. At one time the company employed 900 men. Its business increased to such large proportions that the capital stock was gradually increased to \$1,000,000. Handsome dividends were paid the shareholders for many years. The dents were paid the share-colours for fining years. The company, however, with many others suffered by the great financial paine of 1873. It never recovered from the blow it then sustained and has ever since been prostrated. It has paid no d. w lend on its stock for several years and since December, 1882, has neglected to pay the interest on its bonds. After vainly endeavoring to recuperate, the company last January finally closed its works with a mortgage debt upon them of \$400,000.

TELEGRAPH COMPANIES AND RAILROADS.

Boston, April 9 .- The Committee on Railoads gave a further hearing to-day on the proposition that telegraph companies may run their wires along the lines of railroad companies. Benjamin Kimball affirmed that the Postal Telegraph Company was doing the greatest public services at the lowest cost and that there was no fear of tis selling out to the Western Union Company for lack of funds. He said that in 1880 he constructed a telegraph line along the Pennsylvania Road. There were three innes of poles along this track and no accidents had been caused by them.

MORE ASSISTED EMIGRANTS.

Boston, April 9 .- The steamship Grecian, from Glasgow arrived here this morning bringing 236 immigrants said to have been shipped from the workouse at Swineford, Ireland. The customs authorities ascertained that they were assisted emigrants, and not ascertained that hay were assauce congrains, and had from \$5 to \$40 according to the size of each family given them by the agent of the Juke fund on the other side. It is not clear that they are dealrable settlers for this country. Most of them are to go far West and have made arrangements to that end. They will be all allowed to land.

DENYING ALLEGED FRAUDS.

Boston, April 9 .- In answer to charges that the Spooner Water Meter Company use unlawful means to secure the adoption of their moter by the city, Mesars. Spooner and Hills, directors of the company, say that the documents presented to support the charges were given by them to James K. Fagin, who was employed by them as agent, and were simply in the nature of a pure busi-ness contract, such as they would have given any other man of like business qualifications.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT BY A STUDENT.

EXETER, N. H., April 9 .- Henry Little, a aker, while driving about town this evening, was shot through the neck by Edward E. Floyd, a student. Floyd was in a room examining the pistol, when it went off, the ball passing through the window struck Little. The ball has been extracted. Floyd is a member of the middle class of the Exeter Academy and lives in Brookline, Mass. Little will probably recover.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES-BY TELEGRAPH

R. H. TURNER'S DEFALCATION.

STREBENVILLS, O., April 9.—The "shortage" of R. H.
Turner, agent of the Pittsburg and Cleveland and the
Panbandie Railroads at Mingo Junction, who disappeared severai days ago, will exceed \$13,000. Daniel
Potter and three hundred others are victims,

PRICE THREE CENTS.

LITTLE ENTHUSIASM IN PENNSYLVANIA-TRYING TO BOOM THE EX-SPEAKER. INTTELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.1

ALLENTOWN, Penn., April 9.—The Democratic

State Convention held here to-day was a tame affair. The attendance was large, but there was nothing to call out enthusiasm, and the forlorn hope the party is to lead this year was so generally recognized that it was not thought worth while to make any contention for leadership. Hence there was no such exhibition of personal feeling and ruffianism as characterized the Democratic Conventions in this State immediately preceding the last two National Conventions. In 1880 pistols were drawn and bloodshed was only prevented by the Wallace faction's permitting the Raudall followers to retain an advantage which they had unfairly obtained. But Wallace did not come to this convention and Randall was allowed to have his own way. Democrats here attribute the hopeless feeling which prevails in the party ranks to Carlisle and Morrison and their tariff bill. Randall was approved to-day for the Presidency, but he said that he did not want the nomination. The putting of himself forward by this convention was to secure an approval of his course in Congress and to reinforce him in his fight against the Morrison bill, in regard to which he said to-day that there would be no faltering in his course. Mr. Randall is working in unison with W. H. Barnum and other Democrats who seek to keep the tariff question out of the canvass. They favor Tilden, but there are few persons here who believe that the old man will be able to go through another canvass, but by trading on his name and securing delegations that they can control, they hope to name as the candidate of the party at Chicago, in July, a man not in sympathy with the Carlisle-Morrison ring.

ALL THE WORK PREARRANGED. When Chairman Hensel called the convention to order to-day all the details had been arranged and the platform perfected. R. Milton Speer, an old-time Randall follower, was made chairman, He made no speech, and as soon as the contests were settled the programme was carried out with no interruptions. The platform was adopted precisely as it came from the Committee on Resolutions. The plank referring to Tilden and Hendricks and the one concerning the tariff were drawn by Mr. Randall. The tariff resolution was adopted from the Ohio Democratic platform, that having been considered by Democrats generally as a successful straddle.

AMENDMENTS TO THE PLATFORM NOT WANTED. The addition of the clause favoring the abolition of the Internal Revenue system of taxes met with opposition in the committee. Mr. Monaghan, of Chester, said that he did not believe in making whiskey free while the necessaries of life were taxed, but Mr. Mcnaghan's amendment was voted down. Mr. Ross, of York, offered a resolution declaring more distinctly in favor of a tariff for revenne only, but that was rejected by the committee. William L. Scott, of Erie, said that he should oppose the reference to debasement of the Civil Service if that meant any interference with the Democratio policy of turning the Republican rascals out. He was assured amid laughter that it meant nothing of the kind, which was plain enough, as it was carefully drawn to conceal its true intent. It was considered imprudent not to make any reference to the subject, and the nine words on the Civil Service question were allowed to stand as first drawn. The platform mentioned Governor Pattison by name and heartly commended his administration. That was strucken out, and a motion to restore it was defeated by a vote of 14 to 31. A motion in favor of legislation to secure to workmen damages in cases where corporations are negligent was voted down. Some of the members inquired if the resolution approving Randall was to be construed as instructing the delegation for him. The reply was made that he did not desire it to be so interpreted but "that it ought to lead all the delegates heartily to support him," which is practically the same thing.

GREAT CHEERS FOR TILDEN.

When the platform was reported to the convention it was adopted with only a few dissenting votes. The mention of Tilden's name was received with cheers, more enthusiastic than those given Mr. Randall. When the resolution approving him was read, after the piatform was adopted, Colonel W. H. Sowden, of Lehtgh, made a short speech in which he said that it was well known by all that the Democratic party favored a "revenue tariff" and that the Constitution prohibited the imposition of duties except for purposes of revenue, which scatiment was applanded by the convention. A committee was sent to bring Mr. Randall before

A committee was sent to oring the convention.

Mr. Randall was received with enthusiasm, but his speech was short and guarded. He understood, he said, that the convention was not speaking in honor of him personally, but in recognition of his aggressive and resolute course in Congress in favor of honesty and economy. As it has been in the past, he said, so it will be to the end, with no faltering.

THE NOMINATION FOR CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE, The managers have had a great deal of trouble to secure a suitable candidate for Congressman-at Large, the only official to be elected on a State ticket this year, excepting three presidential electors. The Democrats elected Mortimer F. Eiliott Congressman-at-Large, in the up-rising in 1882, but he declined to run this year, as he regards the opportunities for success much better for his district than if he ran on a State ticket. A number of prominent Democrats declined the nomination, and it was finally agreed to nominate General W. H. Davis, of Doylestown, a veteran of wars, and the editor of two newspaper. He was nominated by acclamation, When brought before the convention he said that is was a free country and he could not prevent the convention from nominating him, though he had declared that he did not want to run. He had twice led the forlors hope, and he did not think he ought to be asked to accept this nomination, but he did not positively refuse it, and no other nomination was made. The attitude of the Democratic office-seekers in regard to this nomination marks the utter hopelessness of the Democratic cause in Pennsylvania this year.

THE DELEGATES AND THE ELECTORAL TICKET, Messrs. Harrity, Wallace, Barr, Coxe, Meyers and Sowden were declared the delegates-at-large to the

National Convention. The following is the electoral ticket: At Large-Richard Vaux, B. J. McGrann, H. B. Plumer, First District, John Slevin; IId, John P. J. Deusenderfer; Illd, John W. Lee; IVth, Herbert J. Horn; Vth, Richard L. Wright; VIth, John H. Brinton; VIIth, William Stabler; VIIIth, Charles F. Rentschler; IXth, H. M. North; Xth, H. G. Stiles; XIth,

VIIth, William Stabler; VIIIth, Charles F. Rentschler; IXth, H. M. North; Xth, H. G. Stiles; XIth, A. G. Broadhead jr.; XIIth, F. V. Rockafellow; XIIth (No choice, a the vote between Michael Beard and Richard Kahn); XIVth, George H. Irwin; XVth, George S. Purdy; XVIIth, P. K. Ackley; XVIIth, John P. Levan; XVIIIth, E. Zra D. Parker; XIXth, E. W. Mumma; XXth, A. H. D. B. Yaker; XIXth, E. W. Mumma; XXth, A. H. D. B. Yaker; XIXth, E. W. Mumma; XXth, A. H. D. B. Yaker; XXVII, John Swan; XXIVth, A. B. Winternitz; XXVth, John Swan; XXIVth, A. B. Winternitz; XXVth, John H. Hill; XXVIth, William A. Forquer; XXVIIth, A. J. Grenfield.

The foliow n₂ are the district delegates; Ist, Robert S. Patterson, George McGuire; Itd, Walter Magnus, John R. Read; HId, William F. McCully, John M. Campbell; IVth, Samuel J. Josephs, Thomas J. Deiahinty; Vth, Michael Egan, John Fallerlon; VIth, J. L. Fordown, Ezra Evans; VIIth, George Smith, Ir., George Ross; VIIth, George Smith, Ir., George Ross; VIIth, George Smith, Ir., George Ross; VIIth, B. F. Davis, William Patton; Xth, Edward Harney, William Patton; Xth, Edward Lowencerg, R.B. Frint; XIIth, J. K. Bogert, J. H. Burns; XIIIIn, James Ellis, William A. Marr; XIVth, A. J. Dull, W. L. Dewart, Sr.; XVth, George A. Post, Jezies W. Pratt; XVth, R. P. Allen, E. L. Keenan; XVIIth, L. D. Woodruff, A. H. Coffroth; XVIIth, D. A. Orr, Joseph C. Barrett; XIXth, F. B. Saxton, Edward Z. Ziegler; Xxth, W. W. Raukin, H. A. Hall, XXIst, John A. Marchand, T. B. Searight; XXIId, Patrick Foley, Gilbert T. Rafforty; XXIIId, Pat